

Enterprise Accounting for Agriculture



Agenda

- 1 Introductions (5m)
- 2 Enterprise Accounting Best Practices (20m)
- 3 Ambrook Software Demo (20m)
- 4 Questions (15m)

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Operations



- Has visited farms and ranches in more than 15 states to better understand their challenges with keeping clean, useful books
- Onboarded and advised Ambrook's entire customer base to-date
- Previously: Worked with teams building software for independent grocery stores and trucking owner-operators, with an emphasis on customer operations

Why do any recordkeeping at all?



1. Taxes

Keeping good records protects you in the case of an audit, and gives your accountant what they need to minimize how much tax you pay.



2. To know and grow your business

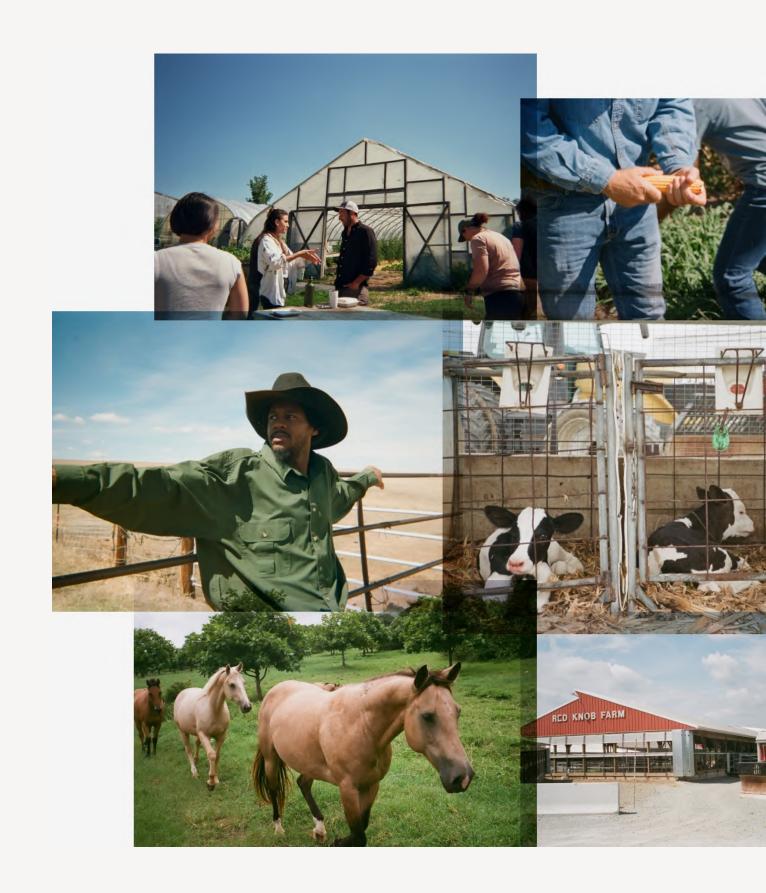
- Know how you spend and make your money.
- Know if you are making money.
- Become eligible for more grants and loans.

Enterprise Accounting: A lot more value for a little more effort

Farms and ranches are usually multi-enterprise businesses:

- Row Crops
- Specialty Crops
- Livestock
- Value-added Production
- Custom Hire
- Agritourism
- Markets

Enterprise accounting just means tracking your income and expenses specifically towards the line of business that incurred them.



The Payoff: An Enterprise P&L

	А		В		С		D		E		F
1	Spring Acres Farm				erprises						
2	Detailed Income Statement		Total		Corn	,	Vegetables		Cattle		Overheads
3			YTD		YTD		YTD		YTD		YTD
4		2023		2023		2023		2023		2023	
5	Revenue										
6	Farmers Market Sales	\$	68,320	\$	23,400	\$	12,878	\$	32,042	\$	
7	Online Sales	\$	48,809	\$	3,405	\$	4,820	\$	40,584	\$	-
8	Restaurant Sales	\$	32,824	\$	5,500	\$	6,000	\$	21,324	\$	-
9	Total Revenue	\$	149,953	\$	32,305	\$	23,698	\$	93,950	\$	
10											
11	Costs of Goods Sold										
12	Seeds & Starts	\$	(1,163)	\$	(1,163)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
13	Fuel	\$	(1,191)	\$	(714)	\$	(355)	\$	(122)	\$	
14	Fertilizer & Lime	\$	(971)	\$	(971)		-		-		-
15	Chemicals	\$	(1,197)	\$	(703)	\$	(494)	\$	-	\$	5-
16	Custom Hire	\$	(1,834)	\$	(1,834)		-		-		-
17	Total COGS	\$	(6,356)	\$	(5,385)	\$	(849)	\$	(122)	\$	-
18											
19	Gross Profit	\$	143,597	\$	26,920	\$	22,849	\$	93,828	\$	<u>-</u>
_ 20	Gross Profit %		95.8%		83.3%		96.4%		99.9%		0.0%
▼ 49	Net Income	\$	71,473	\$	11,360	\$	6,358	\$	76,817	\$	(23,061)
50	Net Income %		47.7%		35.2%		26.8%		81.8%		0.0%
51											
52											



Principles of a Good Enterprise Bookkeeping Practice

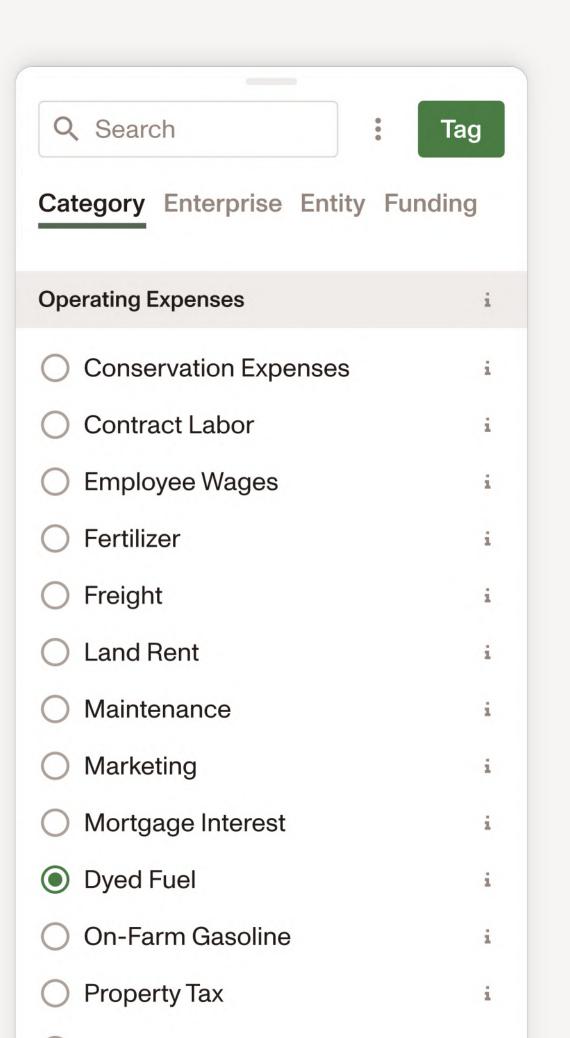
1. A Chart of Accounts that is in your own words

Familiarity with your chart of accounts makes bookkeeping faster and reduces errors.

Example 1

A client's accountant made them an account called 'Off-road fuel'. The client was always miscategorizing their purchases because in their mind they were looking for 'Dyed fuel'.





2. Associate an expense with an Enterprise if and only if that expense would go away if you stopped the Enterprise

Example 1

Chicken Feed - Chickens

Pretty obviously, you wouldn't need chicken feed if you stopped raising chickens. So tag that expense towards **chickens**.

Chickens

Example 2

Mortgage Payment - Overhead

This expense won't go away if you stopped any one of your given enterprises, so it shouldn't be tagged towards any of them.

Mortgage Payment

Example 3

Pastureland Rent - Cattle

If you stopped running cattle, you would probably stop leasing this land used only for grazing, so it should be an expense against your cattle.

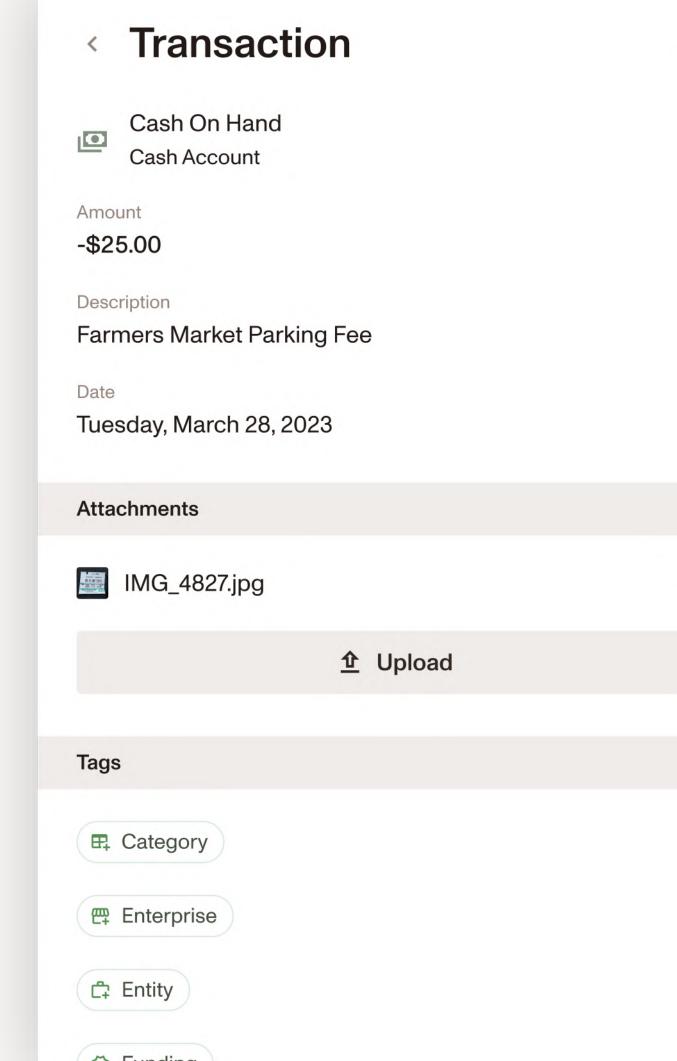
■ Pastureland Rent

Cattle



3. Use 'Other' categories sparingly

- Add specific categories for expenses that are predictable, even if they are infrequent.
- If you aren't sure, don't categorize it, instead save it for a time when you can sit down and figure it out, but attach any receipts or note anything relevant to the decision later.



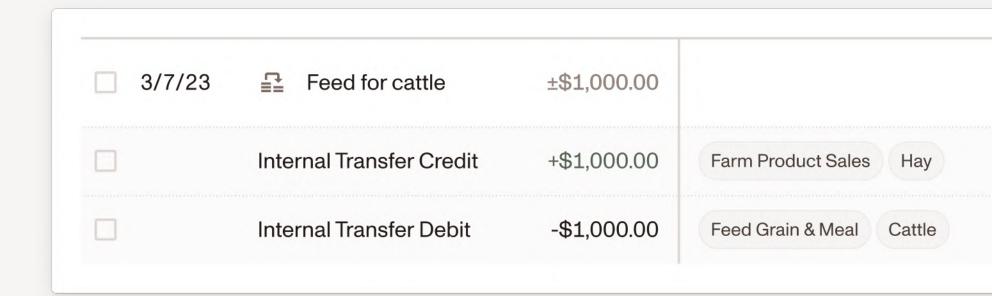
4. Record the transaction at the moment it occurs (or ASAP)

- Check
- Cash
- **Internal Transfer**
- **1** Upload Receipt

- Note what happened when it happens.
- Save the receipt.



5. Consider 'Internal Transfers'



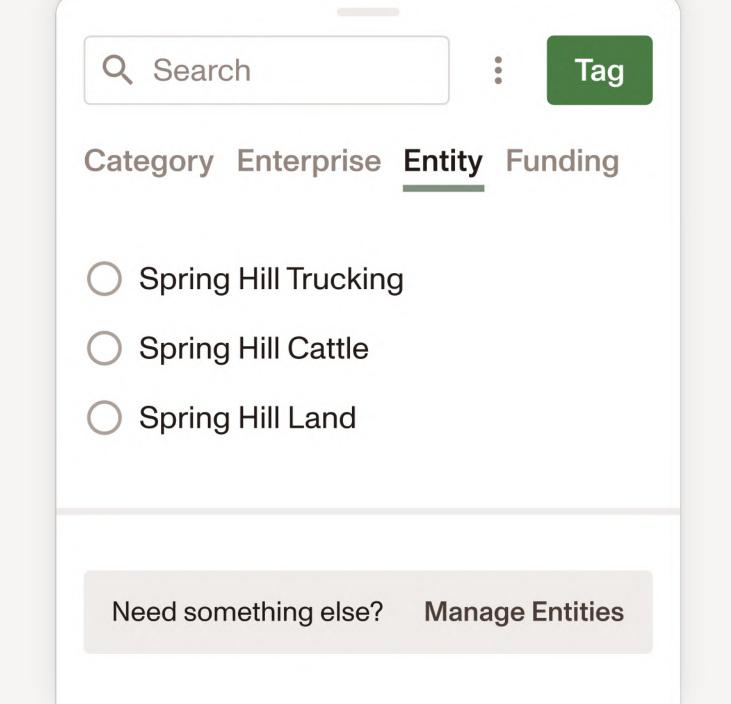
Example 1

A rancher raises cattle, but also grows crops to feed them.

- The profitability of his cattle will be inflated if he does not consider the value of those crops as if he had to purchase them.
- The profitability of his crops will be unknown since he never sells them, but he could!
- An 'Internal Transfer' is a way to recognize a movement of value from one enterprise to another even when cash doesn't change hands.

6. Keep entities separate

- Keep separate bank accounts.
- Rigorously document transactions between entities.





The Payoff: An Enterprise P&L

Link

Why is enterprise accounting hard to do?



QuickBooks

- QB has a concept for enterprises called 'classes', but it is very finicky to set up and maintain.
- Many farmers report that even with classes set up, QB doesn't give them reports about them in a way that answers questions.



Excel

- Anything is possible in Excel!
- The problem is that Excel becomes a lot of manual entry work and won't scale with your business.
- At a certain amount of data, spreadsheets will break.

We've tried to make it easier with Ambrook.



Demo

Shiloh Avery Tumbling Shoals Farm



- · Grows certified organic vegetables and fruit in Wilkes County
- Transitioned off QB Online to become a design partner in January 2023
- Appreciates the Ambrook team's thoughtful and responsive customer service

Questions?



Pitch

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